The z-index property in CSS is used to control the stacking order of positioned elements. It determines the order in which elements are stacked on the z-axis (front to back) relative to one another.

Here's how the z-index property works:

Elements with a higher z-index value are stacked above elements with a lower z-index value.

If two elements have the same z-index, the one that comes later in the HTML source order will be stacked on top.

Tailwind CSS

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Class | Properties |
| z-0 | z-index: 0; |
| z-10 | z-index: 10; |
| z-20 | z-index: 20; |
| z-30 | z-index: 30; |
| z-40 | z-index: 40; |
| z-50 | z-index: 50; |
| z-auto | z-index: auto; |